

Bullyard Conservation Park

Resource Information

2026



Queensland
Government

This document is a compendium of park information and a supporting document for the associated management instrument (management plan or management statement). Management instruments are prepared under the *Nature Conservation Act 1992* and include management direction for tenure which QPWS has management responsibility.

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1. Introduction

The Queensland Parks and Wildlife Service (QPWS), within the Department of the Environment, Tourism, Science and Innovation (DETSI), applies a contemporary management process that is based on international best practice and targets management towards the most important features of each park: their key values.

The Values-Based Management Framework (VBMF) is an adaptive management cycle that incorporates planning, prioritising, doing, monitoring, evaluating and reporting into all areas of our business. This enables the agency to be more flexible and proactive and to improve management effectiveness over time.

This document is a compendium of park information and a supporting document for key values and level of service assessment reports or management plans and management statements. It contains background information about a park's purpose, values, resources and legal and administrative framework.

2. Park overview

The following figure and table (Figure 1, Table 1) provide an overview of information related to the park included in this resource information document, including it's locality, legislative framework and applicable plans/agreements.

Bullyard Conservation Park is located approximately 10 km east of the town of Gin Gin, 2 km south of the town of Bullyard, and 3 km northeast of the rural locality of Bungadoo. The Park is accessible from Delan Road.

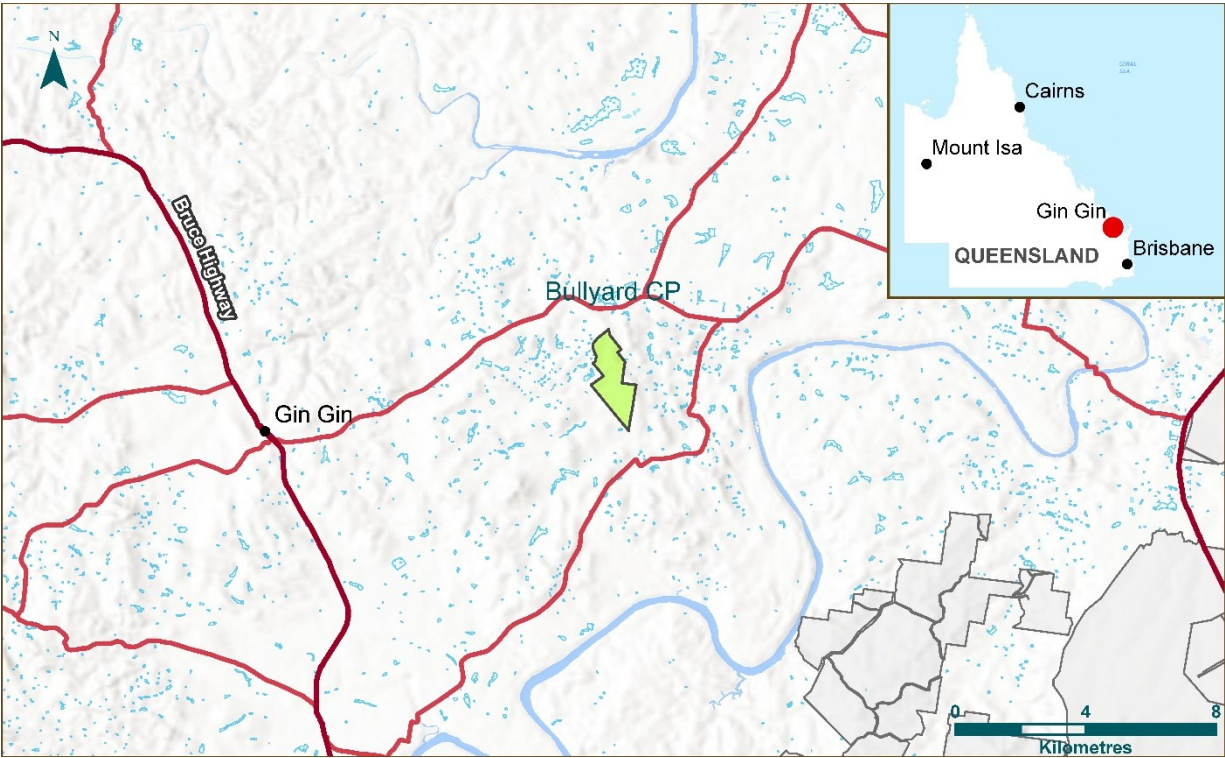


Figure 1. Locality of Bullyard Conservation Park

Table 1. Overview of Bullyard Conservation Park

Park size	Bullyard Conservation Park	192.8 ha
Bioregion	South East Queensland	
QPWS region	South East Queensland	
Local government area	Bundaberg Regional Council	
State electorate	Callide	
Relevant legislation	<i>Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003</i>	
	<i>Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999 (Cwlth)</i>	
	<i>Fire Services Act 1990</i>	
	<i>Native Title Act 1993 (Cwlth)</i>	
	<i>Nature Conservation Act 1992</i>	
	<i>Vegetation Management Act 1999</i>	

3. Resource Information

3.1 First Nations, Native Title and Cultural Heritage

Bullyard Conservation Park is located on Country of the Bailai, Gurang, Gooreng Gooreng and Taribelang Bunda People, who are the recognised Native Title holders for the area (QCD2017/010).

Two Indigenous Land Use Agreements (QI2016/045 and QI2017/014) apply to the park and provide a framework for access, use and ongoing engagement with the Traditional Owners.

The park contains Aboriginal cultural heritage values, which may include both recorded and unrecorded sites, places and cultural landscapes. These values are protected under the *Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003*, which establishes a duty of care requiring all reasonable and practicable measures to avoid harm.

Ongoing engagement with the Bailai, Gurang, Gooreng Gooreng and Taribelang Bunda People supports informed decision-making and contributes to consistent and respectful co-stewardship outcomes.

3.2 Key value information

All parks, forest and reserves contain a range of natural, cultural, social and economic values that contribute to Queensland's protected area and forest estate. The VBMF provides a framework for identifying and protecting the most important of these—referred to as *Key Values*.

Based on an evaluation, the values of Bullyard Conservation Park do not reach the thresholds required to be considered a Key Value. The park, however, continues to contribute to the state's comprehensive and representative reserve system providing protection for biodiversity, ecosystem services and connectivity within the landscape.

Park management will focus on sustaining the natural, cultural, social and economic values that support its importance as a protected area, ensuring that management aligns with the legislative and custodial obligations in relation to these values.

3.3 Ecosystems and biodiversity

The majority of Bullyard Conservation Park is covered by woodland (Regional Ecosystem (RE) 12.9-10.21 – see below). All other REs are relegated to thin strips along the boundaries and edges of the park. Additionally, some sections of the park are listed as non-remnant.

Bullyard Conservation Park is mapped as State Habitat for endangered, vulnerable, and near threatened (EVNT) taxa and rates highly or very highly on condition, context and connection, core habitat for priority taxa, and tract size and significantly on bioregional and subregional relative ecosystem size.

3.3.1 Woodland

The woodlands of Bullyard Conservation Park are comprised of two REs (12.3.7 – *Eucalyptus tereticornis*, *Casuarina cunninghamiana* subsp. *cunninghamiana* +/- *Melaleuca* spp. Fringing woodland; 12.9-10.21 – *Eucalyptus acmenoides* or *E. portuensis* woodland on Cainozoic to Proterozoic sediments). The *E. acmenoides* or *E. portuensis* woodland dominates the park, making up ~95 % of the vegetation.

The biodiversity status of RE 12.3.7 is 'of concern' and this RE is poorly protected across the State. However, this RE is well represented in other QPWS estates. This RE (12.3.7) is considered riverine and may be habitat for an extensive range of aquatic flora and fauna.

Both of these ecosystems are known to provide suitable habitat for koala *Phascolarctos cinereus*.

3.3.2 Open Forest

The open forest of Bullyard Conservation Park is relegated to a thin strip on the eastern side of the Park and is comprised of a single mixed RE containing:

- 12.5.7a: *Corymbia citriodora* subsp. *variegata* +/- *Eucalyptus portuensis* +/- *Lophostemon* spp., *C. intermedia*, *E. moluccana* (lower slopes), *E. crebra*, *E. exserta* woodland. Occurs on coastal low relief Cainozoic and Mesozoic sediments. Not a Wetland;
- 12.5.7 – *Corymbia citriodora* subsp. *variegata* +/- *Eucalyptus portuensis* or *E. acmenoides*, *E. fibrosa* subsp. *fibrosa* open forest on remnant Tertiary surfaces. Usually deep red soils;
- 12.9-10.16: Araucarian microphyll to notophyll vine forest on Cainozoic and Mesozoic sediments; and
- 12.3.7 – *Eucalyptus tereticornis*, *Casuarina cunninghamiana* subsp. *cunninghamiana* +/- *Melaleuca* spp. Fringing woodland

The dominant RE, 12.5.7, is known potential habitat for *Nature Conservation Act 1992* (NCA) listed species *Androcalva leiperi*, *Macrozamia parcifolia*, *Macrozamia pauli-guilielmi*, and *Melaleuca formosa*.

The dominant ecosystem is known to provide suitable habitat for koala *Phascolarctos cinereus*.

3.4 Species

3.4.1 Native animals

Two conservation significant fauna species have been recorded on Queensland Government databases: the yellow-bellied glider *Petaurus australis australis* and the collared delma *Delma torquata*. Both species are listed as 'vulnerable' under the NCA and *Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999* (EPBC Act).

3.4.2 Native plants

Five conservation significant flora species have been identified on Queensland Government databases. These include the wedge-leaf tuckeroo *Cupaniopsis shirleyana*, listed as 'vulnerable' under both the NCA and EPBC Act, and NCA listed 'special least concern' flora such as the pink nodding orchid *Geodorum densiflorum*, swamp triggerplant *Stylidium uliginosum*, *Xanthorrhoea johnsonii* and *Xanthorrhoea latifolia* subsp. *latifolia*.

3.5 Geophysical features

Bullyard Conservation Park sits in the Brooweena Formation, categorised by medium to coarse-grained, thick-bedded sandstone, siltstone, mudstone, shale, and volcaniclastic rocks. The dominant rock is sedimentary, and the rock type is a stratified unit including volcanic and metamorphic

3.6 Partnerships

QPWS works with community stakeholders to support broad continuing management programs.

3.7 Fire

Fire management is core business for QPWS to protect life and property, mitigate wildfires and maintain natural diversity in accordance with the NCA and the *Fire Services Act 1990* for the control and prevention of fires.

Bungadoo Rural Fire Brigade has previously undertaken and supported prescribed burns in Bullyard Conservation Park.

3.8 Pests

No pest species are recorded in Queensland Government databases.

3.8.1 Pest plants

Lantana *Lantana camara* is known to the park.

3.8.2 Pest animals

Feral animals such as the fox *Vulpes vulpes* and pig *Sus scrofa* are known to the park.

4. Bibliography

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5. Appendices

Appendix A. Policy and management commitments

Gazettal details

Bullyard Conservation Park was formally gazetted as Bullyard Environmental Park in 1988 under the *Land Act 1962*. In 1994 the environmental park was gazetted to Bullyard Conservation Park under the *Nature Conservation Act 1992*.

No park specific purpose was identified as part of the gazettal.

Management obligations

- Fire management

Appendix B. Regional ecosystems of significance

Regional ecosystem	Description	Regional ecosystem class*	Biodiversity status**
12.3.7	<i>Eucalyptus tereticornis</i> , <i>Casuarina cunninghamiana</i> subsp. <i>cunninghamiana</i> +/- <i>Melaleuca</i> spp. fringing woodland	Least concern	Of concern
12.9-10.16	Araucarian microphyll to notophyll vine forest on Cainozoic and Mesozoic sediments	Of concern	Of concern

* Vegetation Management Regional Ecosystem Description Database (VM REDD)

** Queensland Herbarium, Regional Ecosystem Description Database (REDD)

Appendix C. Species of conservation significance

Scientific name	Common name	NC Act status	EPBC Act status
Plants			
<i>Cupaniopsis shirleyana</i>	wedge-leaf tuckeroo	Vulnerable	Vulnerable
<i>Geodorum densiflorum</i>	pink nodding orchid	Special Least Concern	-
<i>Stylidium uliginosum</i>	swamp triggerplant	Special Least Concern	-
<i>Xanthorrhoea johnsonii</i>		Special Least Concern	-
<i>Xanthorrhoea latifolia</i> subsp. <i>latifolia</i>		Special Least Concern	-

Appendix D. Pests

Scientific name	Common name	Biosecurity Act 2014 status	Notes
Plants			
<i>Lantana camara</i>	Lantana	Category 3 Restricted Invasive	Park-wide Impacts: • Forms dense thickets that smother native vegetation • Reduces visitors appreciation of amenities
Animals			
<i>Sus scrofa</i>	Feral pig	Category 3, 4 and 6 Restricted Invasive	Park-wide impacts: • Degrades riverine habitat resulting in reduced water quality and the abundance of endemic species • Direct predation of ground-nesting birds
<i>Vulpes vulpes</i>	Fox	Category 3, 4, 5 and 6 Restricted Invasive	Park-wide impacts: • predation upon conservation significant species known to the park • competition with native carnivorous species