

Flinders Peak Conservation Park

Management Statement 2015

Extended March 2026



**Queensland
Government**

Prepared by: **Queensland Parks and Wildlife Service (QPWS), Department of the Environment, Tourism, Science and Innovation.**

© State of Queensland 2026

The Department of the Environment, Tourism, Science and Innovation acknowledges Aboriginal peoples and Torres Strait Islander peoples as the Traditional Owners and custodians of the land. We recognise their connection to land, sea and community, and pay our respects to Elders past and present.

The department is committed to respecting, protecting, and promoting human rights, and our obligations under the Human Rights Act 2019.

This management statement does not intend to affect, diminish, or extinguish native title or associated rights.

The Queensland Government supports and encourages the dissemination and exchange of its information. This work is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License.



Under this licence you are free, without having to seek our permission, to use this publication in accordance with the licence terms. You must keep intact the copyright notice and attribute the State of Queensland as the source of the publication.

For more information on this licence, visit <https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/>

Disclaimer

All due diligence and care has been taken in the preparation of this document based on the information in the 2015 management statement. The department holds no responsibility for any errors or omissions within this document. Any decisions made by other parties based on this document are solely the responsibility of those parties.

The Flinders Peak Conservation Park Management Statement 2015 has been extended in 2026, in line with the Queensland *Nature Conservation Act 1992* (s120F). Minor amendments have been made. There has been no change to the statement's original management intent and direction.

If you need to access this document in a language other than English, please call the Translating and Interpreting Service (TIS National) on 131 450 and ask them to telephone Library Services on +61 7 3170 5470.

This publication can be made available in an alternative format (e.g. large print or audiotope) on request for people with vision impairment; phone +61 7 3170 5470 or email <library@detsi.qld.gov.au>

Park overview

Park size	Flinders Peak Conservation Park	105ha
Bioregion	South Eastern Queensland	
QPWS region	South East Queensland	
Local government area	Ipswich City Council	
State electorate	Scenic Rim	
Relevant legislation	<i>Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003 (Qld)</i>	
	<i>Nature Conservation Act 1992</i>	
	<i>Queensland Heritage Act 1992</i>	

Park purpose

Flinders Peak Conservation Park was formally gazetted as an environmental park in 1988. It was created as a conservation park in 1994 under the *Nature Conservation Act 1992*.

No park specific purpose was identified as part of the gazettal.

Under the *Nature Conservation Act 1992*, Ipswich City Council is trustee of the park.

Strategic direction for park management

Based on an evaluation of its natural, cultural and presentation values, Flinders Peak Conservation Park has been assessed as having a basic priority for management. The park will be managed according to this priority rating.

Park management will be based on the best available local knowledge, professional judgement and anecdotal information. The basic level priority means that it will receive annual routine inspections with occasional planned visits where issues have been identified. The focus is largely expected to be on natural resource management involving a proactive management effort at a moderate level to understand or protect known natural values.

Cultural values will be managed proactively to protect those values known to Queensland Park and Wildlife Service, (QPWS). Informal and ad-hoc consultation, collaboration and relationships with First Nations people and stakeholders will be undertaken as required to progress specific issues and programs.

This park currently has relatively low levels of visitor use and provides no sites for visitors. Visitors are unlikely to encounter a ranger on site during their visit. Current and future recreational opportunities will require that visitors have a high level of self-sufficiency and are primarily responsible for their own personal safety.

Informal ad-hoc consultation with community stakeholders will be undertaken on specific issues of park management.

There are no park assets. A communications tower and helipad are located on the peak adjacent to the conservation park.

General park values, uses and management

Regional ecosystems

The park protects six regional ecosystems, of which one has endangered biodiversity status and two have of concern status, Table 1.

Species of conservation significance

Species of conservation significance that are recorded from this park include one vulnerable, two critically endangered and nine of special least concern plant species, and one vulnerable and one endangered animal species, Table 2.

Cultural heritage

All protected areas are recognised as cultural landscapes and First Nations people see themselves as inextricably linked to Country both spiritually and physically. Cultural records on physical artefacts and sites of spiritual significance are documented for this area. All proposed activities need to meet duty of care requirements under the *Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003*. Non-indigenous historic places will be managed in accordance with the *Queensland Heritage Act 1992*.

Priorities for park management

The endangered and of concern regional ecosystems and the species of conservation significance are the main values of this park. The priorities for park management will be to mitigate any threats to these values through fire and pest management. Management actions will be undertaken which aim to ensure:

- life and property on and adjacent to the park is protected
- fire is managed to conserve or maintain the condition of the regional ecosystems through the application of planned burn guidelines
- the impacts of existing pest species on neighbouring land uses are mitigated
- pest threats are managed to conserve or maintain the condition of regional ecosystems, plant and animal species of conservation significance.

Appendix

Conservation values management

Table 1: Endangered and of concern regional ecosystems

Regional ecosystem number	Description	Biodiversity status
12.8.19	Heath and rock pavement with scattered shrubs or open woodland on Cainozoic igneous hills and mountains	Of concern
12.8.24	<i>Blakella citriodora</i> open forest on Cenozoic igneous rocks especially trachyte	Endangered
12.9-10.7	<i>Eucalyptus crebra</i> +/- <i>E. tereticornis</i> , <i>Blakella tessellaris</i> , <i>Angophora</i> spp. and <i>E. melanophloia</i> woodland on sedimentary rocks	Of concern

Table 2: Species of conservation significance

Scientific name	Common name	Nature Conservation Act 1992 status	Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999 (Cwlth) status
Plants			
<i>Leichhardtia coronata</i>		Vulnerable	-
<i>Parapolytichum munitum</i>		Special Least Concern	
<i>Rhodamnia rubescens</i>	scrub turpentine	Critically Endangered	Critically Endangered
<i>Bulbophyllum minutissimum</i>	grain-of-wheat orchid	Special Least Concern	
<i>Caladenia catenata</i>		Special Least Concern	
<i>Dendrobium kingianum</i>		Special Least Concern	
<i>Pyrrosia confluens</i> var. <i>confluens</i>		Special Least Concern	
<i>Pyrrosia rupestris</i>	rock felt fern	Special Least Concern	
<i>Psilotum nudum</i>	skeleton fork fern	Special Least Concern	
<i>Zieria scopulus</i>	Flinders Peak stink bush	Critically Endangered	
<i>Brachychiton populneus</i> subsp. <i>populneus</i>		Special Least Concern	
<i>Xanthorrhoea latifolia</i> subsp. <i>latifolia</i>		Special Least Concern	
Animals			
<i>Petrogale penicillata</i>	brush-tailed rock-wallaby	Vulnerable	Vulnerable
<i>Petauroides volans volans</i>	southern greater glider	Endangered	Endangered